

## Denmark Hate Crime Report 2022

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2022 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/denmark](https://hatecrime.osce.org/denmark)

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology](https://hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology)

### Summary

Denmark regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. Hate crime statistics are regularly [published](#) on the Danish National Police website.

The Ministry of Justice conducts annual victimization surveys to measure unreported hate crimes. The Danish National Police [regularly engages in dialogue](#) on hate crime with a number of community stakeholders.

[Hate crime data collection in Denmark](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in Denmark](#)

[Hate crime capacity building in Denmark](#)

[Denmark's hate crime legislation](#)

### ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR recognizes Denmark's efforts in facilitating online reporting and improving hate crime victims' access to information about the reporting. However, based on the available information, it observes that Denmark has not reported data on hate crimes recorded by the prosecution to ODIHR. In addition, ODIHR observes that Denmark would benefit from ensuring that hate crimes are addressed in a comprehensive manner, including by introducing a co-ordination mechanism.

# Official Data

Police data became available after the launch of the 2022 Hate Crime Report, and was added to this table retrospectively in October 2024. Police records can have multiple motives; thus, some hate crimes are registered under more than one bias motivation. Police records exclude two cases of discrimination and 41 case of insults against persons acting by virtue of a public function, which fall outside the OSCE's definition of hate crime. The number of prosecutions cannot be identified as possible penalty enhancements (section 81, para. 6 of the Criminal Code) are only registered after a conviction. The number of sentenced cases represent the number of convictions for which the sentence was increased in line with section 81, para. (6) of the Criminal Code (an aggravating circumstance provision). The convictions are not necessarily final as they may have since been appealed.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2022	212	not available	22

## Police data by bias motivation

Police records exclude two cases of discrimination and 41 cases of insults against persons acting by virtue of a public function, which fall outside the OSCE's definition of hate crime. Police records can have multiple motives; thus, some hate crimes are registered under more than one bias motivation.

110

### Racist and xenophobic hate crime

One case of criminalized discrimination and 33 cases of hate speech were excluded as they fall outside the OSCE's hate crime definition.

56

### Anti-LGBTI hate crime

This category includes 44 hate crimes motivated by sexual orientation and 12 hate crimes motivated by gender identity.

One case of hate speech and two cases of discrimination based on gender identity were excluded as they fall outside the OSCE's hate crime definition.

19

### Anti-Muslim hate crime

Four cases of hate speech were excluded as they fall outside the OSCE's hate crime definition.

18

### Anti-Semitic hate crime

5

### Anti-Christian hate crime

One case of hate speech was excluded as it falls outside the OSCE's hate crime definition

2

### Disability hate crime

2

### Other hate crime based on religion or belief

One case of hate speech was excluded as it falls outside the OSCE's hate crime definition

## Police data by type of crime

Police records exclude two cases of discrimination and 41 cases of insults against persons acting by virtue of a public function, which fall outside the OSCE's definition of hate crime. Police records can have multiple motives; thus, some hate crimes are registered under more than one bias motivation.

92

### Physical assault

59

### Vandalism

54

### Threats/ threatening behaviour

5

### Theft/ robbery

1

### Burglary

1

### Sexual assault

## National Developments

In 2022, the **Danish Criminal Code** was amended and now includes gender identity, sex characteristics and gender expression as protected characteristics. The amended Criminal Code also allows for the aggravating provision to be applied to offences involving mixed motives.

In January 2022, Denmark adopted a national [Action Plan against anti-Semitism](#). The action plan applies the IHRA working definition of antisemitism. The plan was drawn up in consultation with Jewish communities, and covers the following areas: combating anti-Semitic hate speech, hate crime and discrimination; anti-Semitism online; the security and protection of Jewish communities; fostering Jewish life and maintaining Jewish heritage; education; research; and Holocaust remembrance.

Also in 2022, the Danish government launched a **LGBT+ Action Plan for 2022-2025**. The action plan covers a range of areas, but specifically addresses violence, sexual violence and hate against LGBT+ persons.

In 2022, the Danish National Police established a **new digital police unit** (the "Online Police Patrol") to strengthen its online presence. The digital unit patrols social media through by maintaining a visible police presence in open groups. In this way, the police are able to combat different forms of internet-related crimes more effectively, including those with a bias motivation. Additionally, it is possible for citizens to submit a crime report to the online patrol via email or Meta's Messenger app.

The **Danish National Police** published an information leaflet ("Advice and Guidance to persons who work with victims of hate crimes"). The leaflet was written in co-operation with the Danish Prosecution Service and with the contribution of the following groups and organizations: the Muslim Council, the Jewish community in Denmark, LGBT+ Denmark and the Disabled People's Organization Denmark. The leaflet is aimed at organizations who advise and help victims of hate crimes. Among other things, the leaflet provides information about the legal process – such as the role of the police and prosecution services – as well as information on the different ways to report a hate crime to the police.

# Incidents reported by civil society

Total 2 incidents

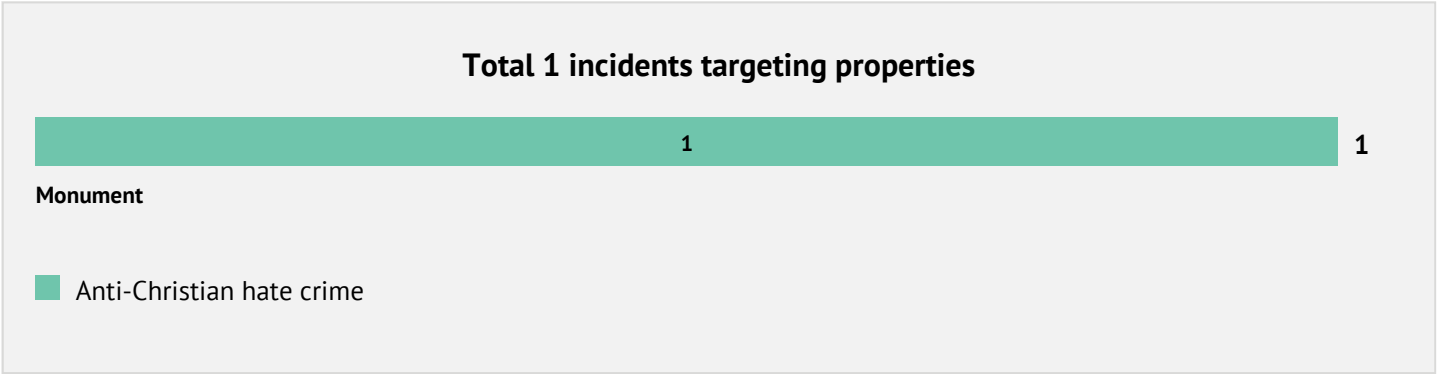


Anti-Christian hate crime

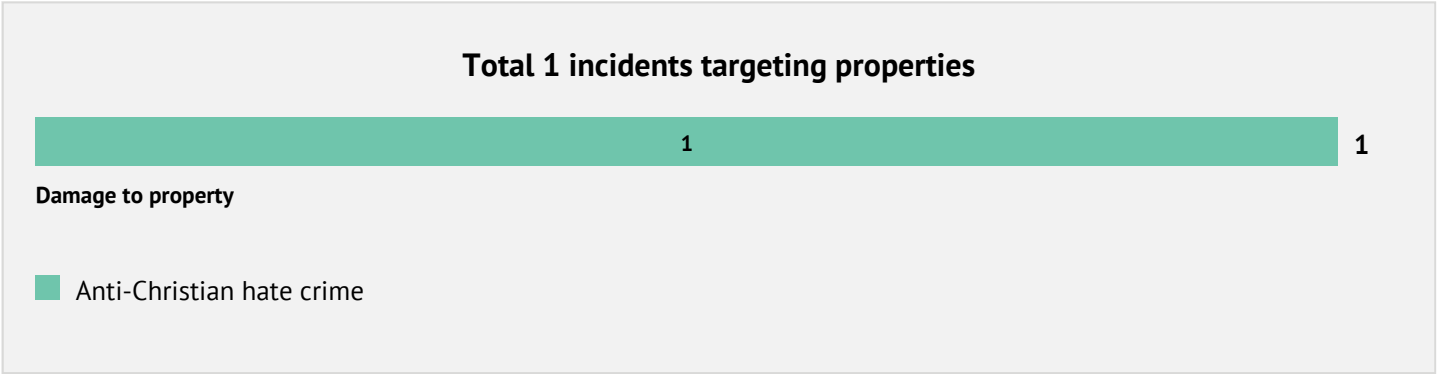
Threats/Harassment    Attacks against property

Please note that the total number of incidents may be lower than the sum of incidents presented in the breakdown chart above, as some incidents involve multiple bias motivations.

# Targeted properties



# Type of property attack



[View civil society incidents for Denmark, 2022](#)