OSCE ODIHR
HATE CRIME REPORTING

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2010 Hate Crime Report.
For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: hatecrime.osce.org/estonia

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology

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Summary

Estonia reported hate crime data to ODIHR for the 2022 Hate Crime Report.

The Ministry of Justice is responsible for collecting hate crime data. The main strategy that addresses hate crime is the "Internal security development plan 2020-2030 (*Siseturvalisuse arengukava*, 2020–2030)".

The Estonian Human Rights Centre, a major civil society organization (CSO) working on hate crimes in Estonia, is engaged in raising awareness, strengthening co-operation between CSOs and the state, and advocating for more effective laws and policies.

In 2017, ODIHR organized a workshop on understanding and improving hate crime recording and data collection and also implemented its Training against Hate Crimes for Law Enforcement (TAHCLE) programme in Estonia. In 2022, ODIHR organized an online workshop to assess national structures and services for hate crime victim support in Estonia, which resulted in a number of recommendations issued to the Estonian authorities.

Hate crime data collection in Estonia
Support for hate crime victims in Estonia
Hate crime capacity building in Estonia
Estonia's hate crime legislation

Official Data

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2010	not available	not available	not available

No data reported to ODIHR.

National Developments

Legislation was drafted to ensure that bias motivation can be taken into account during sentencing, consistent with the EU Framework Decision.

Incidents reported by civil society

No data reported to ODIHR.

View civil society incidents for Estonia, 2010