OSCE ODIHR
HATE CRIME REPORTING

**Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2013 Hate Crime Report.**
**For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: hatecrime.osce.org/estonia**

**For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology**

# 1 2013

## Summary

Estonia reported hate crime data to ODIHR for the 2022 Hate Crime Report.

The Ministry of Justice is responsible for collecting hate crime data. The main strategy that addresses hate crime is the "Internal security development plan 2020-2030 (*Siseturvalisuse arengukava*, 2020–2030)".

The Estonian Human Rights Centre, a major civil society organization (CSO) working on hate crimes in Estonia, is engaged in raising awareness, strengthening co-operation between CSOs and the state, and advocating for more effective laws and policies.

In 2017, ODIHR organized a workshop on understanding and improving hate crime recording and data collection and also implemented its Training against Hate Crimes for Law Enforcement (TAHCLE) programme in Estonia. In 2022, ODIHR organized an online workshop to assess national structures and services for hate crime victim support in Estonia, which resulted in a number of recommendations issued to the Estonian authorities.

Hate crime data collection in Estonia
Support for hate crime victims in Estonia
Hate crime capacity building in Estonia
Estonia's hate crime legislation

## ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR observes that Estonia has not periodically reported reliable information and statistics on hate crimes to ODIHR.

## Official Data

| Year | Hate crimes recorded by police | Prosecuted | Sentenced |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2013 | not available | not available | not available |

*No data reported to ODIHR.*

# Incidents reported by civil society

*No data reported to ODIHR.*

View civil society incidents for Estonia, 2013