

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2024 Hate Crime Report.  
For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/uzbekistan](https://hatecrime.osce.org/uzbekistan)

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology](https://hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology)

## 2024

### Summary

Uzbekistan last reported data on hate crime to ODIHR for the 2015 Hate Crime Report.

[Hate crime data collection in Uzbekistan](#)

[Uzbekistan's hate crime legislation](#)

### ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR observes that Uzbekistan has not reported statistics on hate crimes to ODIHR since 2015. In the absence of an official submission and statistics, ODIHR is not able to provide further observations on hate crime data collection in Uzbekistan. In addition, ODIHR observes that Uzbekistan would benefit from raising awareness among and building the capacity of criminal justice officials to address hate crime.

# Official Data

| Year | Hate crimes recorded by police | Prosecuted    | Sentenced     |
|------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 2024 | not available                  | not available | not available |

No data reported to ODIHR.

## Incidents reported by civil society

For 2024, ODIHR received reports of hate incidents in Uzbekistan from the following civil society organizations:

- Eurasian Coalition on Health, Rights, Gender and Sexual Diversity (ECOM)

To learn more, visit the [Contributors](#) page.

*All incidents submitted by the above organizations have been analysed by ODIHR. Those that were broadly considered to be hate crimes within the OSCE definition (criminal offence committed with a bias motive) are listed in the tables below according to the bias motivation category. Some incidents involved multiple biases and may be listed in multiple categories.*

### ODIHR's insights

**For 2024, ODIHR received reports of 59 hate incidents that took place in Uzbekistan in the following bias motivation categories: anti-LGBTI, and both anti-LGBTI and gender-based.**

ODIHR observes that all of the incidents reported targeted the LGBTI community and the majority were perpetrated by law enforcement. Most of the victims were young, gay men. The incidents involved blackmail, extortion, and threats by police officers. In addition, cases were reported of victims being tricked into meeting via a dating app, after which they were physically assaulted and forced to pay bribes under threat of prosecution based on their sexual orientation.

It should be noted that ODIHR did not receive any reporting on Uzbekistan relating to racist and xenophobic, anti-Christian, anti-Semitic, anti-Muslim, other religion or belief, anti-Roma, or disability hate incidents. This indicates potential gaps in the information reported here.

*Please note that incidents reported here are based on voluntary civil society submissions and as such might not reflect the actual number of incidents or of the most targeted communities in Uzbekistan.*

To address under-reporting, ODIHR encourages any civil society organizations or groups that monitor hate incidents in Uzbekistan to report these to ODIHR at [hatecrimereport@odihhr.pl](mailto:hatecrimereport@odihhr.pl).

To export an Excel sheet with summaries of all incidents from Uzbekistan click [here](#) and search by year and country.

[View civil society incidents for Uzbekistan, 2024](#)